

SIDDHARTH UNIVERSITY, Kapilvastu, Siddharthnagar
Under Graduate Syllabus

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

SYLLABI FOR B.A. HISTORY (MEDIEVAL & MODERN)

(For the Academic Session 2002 – 2003)

B.A. PART – I

There Shall be two Papers each carrying 100 marks.

Paper –I : History of Europe (1453 – 1789).

The Renaissance : Its salient feature : The Reformation : its causes, Progress and results; Counter Reformation; The Rise of Nation States : France and England; The Rise and Decline of Spain : Charles V and Philip-II; Thirty Year's War; The Ascendancy of France : Henry IV, Richelieu, Mazarin, Louis XIV; England : The conflict between the Crown and the Parliament under the Stuarts; The Growth of Cabinet system; The Age of the Enlightened Despotism : Petre I, Catherine II, Frederick the Great, Industrial Revolution in England, The Decline of France after 1715; Antecedent of the Revolution.

Paper –II : History of India from 1206 to 1707

(Excluding the History of Provincial Dynasties)

Northern Indian in the eve of Turkish Invasion; Causes of the success of Turks and the defeat of Rajputs : Foundation of the Delhi Sultanate Qutubiddin Aibak, Iltutmish and Balban; The Khaljis : Alauddin Khilji, The Tughlaqs : Md. Bin Tughlaq and Firoz Tughlaq; The invasion of Timur, The Lodis : Theory of kingship, Sikander Lodi.

India in 1526 Babar: Character and Achievement; Sersshah- Administration; Akbar – Religious policy, Din-e-illahi, Rajput policy, As a National Monarch, Character and Achievements, Jahangir : Nurjahan, Shahjahan. War of Succession and its significance; Aurangzeb : Policies and Consequences: Shivaji and the Rise of Marathas; Mughal Administration; Deccan and North West Frontier Policies of the Mughlas; Architecture of the sultanate and Mughal period; Painting Under the Mughals; of the downfall of the Mughal Empire.

B.A. PART – II

There Shall be two Papers each carrying 100 marks.

Paper –I : History of Europe from 1789 to 1919

French Revolution : Causes, main phase and consequences; Napoleon : Rise, reforms, Continental system and downfall.

The Era of Congresses – 1815 to 1822; the Era of Revolutions – 1830 and 1848; Napoleon III; Unification of Italy and Germany; Eastern question : 1821 to 1878; International Relations – 1871 to 1914 (with special reference to Bismarck and William II) : British Foreign Policy – 1901 to 1914; Causes of the First World War : The Russian Revolution; the Treaty of Versailles.

Paper –II : History of Europe (1707 – 1947)

India at the Death of Aurangzeb; Court politics of the Later Mughals (1707 – 1739); Invasion of Nadirshah : Causes and effects; Anglo – French rivalry; the Third Battle of Panipat: Clive; Warren Hastings: Internal administration and foreign policy; Reforms of Cornwallis; Wellesley, Subsidiary Alliance Marathas, Mysore and Oudh; Lord Hastings : Maratha policy; William Bentinck : reforms; Lord Auckland Afghan policy and Lord Harding; Anglo-Sikh relations, Ranjit Singh and the two Sikh Wars; Dalhousie; The administration of Lord Ripon and Lord Curzon; The Govt. of India act 1909 and 1935; The Growth of Communal policies and Constitutional development from 1909 to 1947.

B.A. PART – III

There Shall be two Papers each carrying 100 marks.

Paper –I : Social and Economic History India (1200 –1900)

A survey of the Social – Economic condition of Northern India in 12th century; Social life Delhi Sultanate; Socio Religious reform movements up to 16th century; Social life under the mughals; Imperial Court, the Nobility, Social and Religious Movements of the 19th century.

Fiscal policy of the Delhi Sultanates;

Land revenue administration and market.

Fiscal policy of the Great Mughals – Nature of Land revenue administration of Akbar:

Trade and Commerce under the Mughals; Main features of the Permanent, Mahalwari and Ryotwari Settlements; Railways and the Beginning of the Industrialization; Beginning of European Banking in India.

Paper –II : Indian National Movement (1857 - 1947)

Revolt of 1857 : Causes, nature and consequences; Causes for the rise of Indian Nationalism; Foundation of the Indian National – Congress : Its Policy and programmes (1885 – 1905); Rise of the

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Revolutionary Movement (1900– 1947); Swadeshi Movement, Home rule movement; Non-Cooperation, Khilafat, Civil Dis – Obedience Movement and the Quit India movement of 1942; The Role of Tilak, Mahatma Gandhi, J.L.Nehru in Freedom; The Partition of India.

Paper –III : Modern World (1919 - 1945)

Please settlement of 1919; League of Nations : Achievements and failure; Search for security and peace movement; Rise of Dictatorship- Fascism and Nazism; Russia after the Revolution; Lenin and Stalin, Mustafa Kamal and Regeneration of Turkey; Circumstances leading to the II World War; U.N.O. : Organization, achievements and problems; Emergence of Japan after the First World War; Crisis of Capitalism and New Deal of Roosevelt; Nationalist Movement in China; Anti – Imperialist Movement in Indo – China, Egypt and Indonesia.

